Q1. Sonika invested an amount of 5800 for 2 years. At what rate of compound interest will she get an amount of 594.5 at the end of two years?

(a) 5 p.c.p.a.

(b) 4 p.c.p.a.

(c) 6 p.c.p.a.

(d) 8 p.c.p.a.

(e) None of these

Q2. The compound interest earned by Suresh on a certain amount at the end of two years at the rate of 8 p.c.p.a. was 1414.4. What was the total amount that Suresh got back at the end of two years in the form of principal plus interest earned?

(a) 8500

(b) 9914.4

(c) 9014.4

(d) 8914.4

(e) None of these

Q3. What would be the compound interest accrued on an amount of 7400 @ 13.5 p.c.p.a. at the end of two years? (Rounded off to two digits after decimal)

(a) 2136.87

- (b) 2306.81
- (c) 2032.18
- (d) 2132.87

(e) None of these

Q4. If the compound interest accrued on an amount of 14500 in two years is 4676.25, what is the rate of interest p.c.p.a?

(a) 11

(b) 9

(c) 15

(d) 18

(e) None of these

Q5. What would be the compound interest accrued on an amount of 8000 at the rate of 15% per annum in three years?

(a) 4283

(b) 4051

(c) 4167

(d) 4325

(e) None of these

Q6. What would be the compound interest accrued on an amount of 7850 at the rate of 14% per annum in two years? (a) 2351.86 (b) 2880.37 (c) 2518.22

(e) 34013.95

(d) 2290.23

Q7. What will be the compound interest accrued on an amount of 10000 @ 20 % per annum in two years if the interest is compounded half-yearly?

(a) 4400

- (b) 4600
- (c) 4641
- (d) 4680
- (e) None of these

Q8. What will be the difference between the simple interest and compound interest earned on a sum of 985.00 at the rate of 14% per annum at the end of two years?

- (a) 16.408
- (b) 14.214
- (c) 18.218
- (d) 17.405
- (e) None of these

Q9. The simple interest on a certain sum of money for 4 years at 4 per cent per annum exceeds the compound interest on the same sum for 3 years at 5 per cent annum by 57. Find the sum.

- (a) 24000
- (b) 25000
- (c) 26000
- (d) 3000
- (e) 40000

Q10. A sum of money at compound interest amounts in two years to 2809, and in three years to 2977.54. Find the original sum.

(a) 2000

(b) 2100

(c) 2200

(d) 2500

(e) 3000

S1. Ans.(a) Sol. $594.5 = 5800 \left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$ $= \frac{594.5}{5800} = \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^2 - 1$ $\Rightarrow \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^2 = 1.1025$ $(100 + r)^2 = 11025$ 100 + r = 105 r = 5% S2. Ans.(b) Sol. Suppose principle is P \therefore C.I. = 1414.40 = P $\left[\left(1 + \frac{8}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$ 1414.40 = P(1.664 - 1) $P = \frac{1414.40}{0.1664} = 8500$ So, Amount = P + CI = 8500 + 1414.40 = 9914.40 S3. Ans.(d) Sol. CI = 7400 $\left[\left(1 + \frac{27}{200} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$ = 7400 $\left[\left(\frac{227}{200} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$ = 2132.87

S4. Ans.(c) Sol. 4676.25 = $14500 \left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$ $\Rightarrow \frac{4676.25}{14500} + 1 = \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^2$ $\Rightarrow 1 + \frac{r}{100} = \sqrt{\frac{19176.25}{14500}} = \sqrt{1.3225}$ $1 + \frac{r}{100} = \frac{115}{100}$ ⇒ r = 15% S5. Ans.(c) Sol. CI = $8000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{15}{100} \right)^3 - 1 \right]$ $= 8000 \left[\left(\frac{115}{100} \right)^3 - 1 \right] = 4167$ S6. Ans.(a) Sol. CI = 7850 $\left[\left(1 + \frac{114}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right] = 7850 \left[\left(\frac{1.14}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$ = 7850(1.2996-1) = 2351-86 S7. Ans.(c) S7. Ans.(c) Sol. R = 20% yearly = 10% half yearly n = 2 years = 4 half-yearly CI = 10000 $\left[\left(1 + \frac{10}{100} \right)^4 - 1 \right] = 4641$ S8. Ans.(e) Sol. Required difference = $P\left(\frac{R}{100}\right)^2 = 985\left(\frac{14}{100}\right)^2$ $= 985 \times \frac{196}{10000} = 19.306$ \mathcal{N} S9. Ans.(a) Sol. Let the sum be x

Then, $\frac{x \times 4 \times 4}{100} - 57 = x \left\{ \left(1 + \frac{5}{100} \right)^3 - 1 \right\}$ $\frac{4x}{25} - 57 = x \left\{ \frac{1261}{8000} \right\}$ $x \left[\frac{4}{25} - \frac{1261}{8000} \right] = 57$ $x = \frac{57 \times 8000}{19} = 24000$

S10. Ans.(d) Sol. Difference in amounts = 2977.54 - 2809 = 168.54 Hence, rate of interest = $\frac{168.54 \times 100}{2809} = 6\%$ Now, for the original sum, $2809 = x \left[1 + \frac{6}{100} \right]^2$ $2809 = x \left(\frac{53}{50} \right)^2 = 2500$