# BHARAT SCHOOL OF BANKING <br> WORK,TIME AND WAGES 

Q1. 24 men working 8 hours a day can finish a work in 10 days. Find the number of men required to finish the same work in 6 days working 5 hours a day?
(a) 60
(b) 64
(c) 80
(d) 72
(e) None of these

## S1. Ans.(b)

Sol. Applying the work rule we get
$\mathrm{m}_{1} \times \mathrm{d}_{1} \times \mathrm{t}_{1} \times \mathrm{w}_{2}=\mathrm{m}_{2} \times \mathrm{d}_{2} \times \mathrm{t}_{2} \times \mathrm{w}_{1}$
$24 \times 10 \times 8 \times 1=\mathrm{m}_{2} \times 6 \times 5 \times 1$

$$
\Rightarrow \mathrm{m}_{2}=\frac{24 \times 10 \times 8}{6 \times 5}=64 \mathrm{men}
$$

Q2. A machine A can print one thousand books in 10 hours, machine $B$ can print the same number of books in 12 hours while machine C print them in 15 hours. All the machines are started at 9 a.m. while machine $A$ is closed at 11 a.m. and the remaining two machines complete the work. Approximately at what time will the work be finished?
(a) 11:30 a.m.
(b) 12 noon
(c) $12: 30 \mathrm{pm}$
(d) $2: 20 \mathrm{pm}$
(e) None of these

## S2. Ans.(d)

Sol. Let the work got completed in $T$ hours
Also, A's 2 hours' work + B's T hours' work + C's T hours' work equals the total work.

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\Rightarrow\left(\frac{2}{10}+\frac{\mathrm{T}}{12}+\frac{\mathrm{T}}{15}\right)=1 \Rightarrow \mathrm{~T}=\frac{16}{3}=5 \frac{1}{3^{\prime}}
$$

hence the work will get completed in $5 \frac{1}{3}$
hours after 9a.m. i.e. at 2:20 p.m.

Q3. The work done by a man, a woman and a child is in the ratio of $3: 2: 1$. There are 20 men, 30 women and 48 children in a factory. Their weekly wages amount to Rs 840 , which is divided in the ratio of work done by the men, women and children. What will be the wages of 15 men, 21 women and 30 children for 2 weeks?
(a) Rs 585

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(b) Rs 292.5
(c) Rs 1170
(d) Rs 900
(e) None of these

## S3. Ans.(c)

Sol. Ratio of wages of 20 men, 30 women and 48 children per week
$=(3 \times 20):(2 \times 30):(1 \times 48)=5: 5: 4$.
Total wages of 20 men per week $=\frac{5}{14} \times 840$ = Rs 300
Therefore, wages of a man per week $=$ Rs 15, similarly, wages of woman per week
= Rs. 10 and wages of child per week Rs 5
Total wages of ( 15 men, 21 women and 30 children) per week
$=15 \times 15+21 \times 10+30 \times 5=585$
Total wages for 2 weeks $=$ Rs 1170

Q4. A work could be completed in 100 days by some workers. However, due to the absence of 10 workers, it was completed in 110 days. The original number of workers was:
(a) 100
(b) 110
(c) 55
(d) 50
(e) None of these

S4. Ans.(b)
Sol. Let the original number of workers be x .
$\therefore \mathrm{x}$ workers can do the work in 100 days
( $x-10$ ) workers can do the work in 110 days
$\Rightarrow 100 \mathrm{x}=110(\mathrm{x}-10)$
$\Rightarrow 10 \mathrm{x}=1100 \Rightarrow \mathrm{x}=110$

Q5. A can do a work in 12 days. When he had worked for 3 days, B joined him. If they complete the work in 3 more days, in how many days can $B$ alone finish the work?
(a) 6 days
(b) 12 days
(c) 4 days

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(d) 8 days
(e) None of these

S5. Ans.(a)
Sol. Work done by A for 3 days $=\frac{3}{12}=\frac{1}{4}$
$\therefore$ Remaining work $=1-\frac{1}{4}=\frac{3}{4}$
$\therefore$ Work done by $(A+B)$ for 1 day $=\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3}=\frac{1}{4}$
$\therefore$ Work done by B for 1 day

$$
=\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{12}=\frac{2}{12}=\frac{1}{6}
$$

$\therefore \mathrm{B}$ alone will complete the work in 6 days.

Q6. $A$ is thrice as good a workman as $B$, therefore, $A$ is able to finish a piece of work in 60 days less that $B$. The time (in days) in which they can do it working together is:
(a) 22
(b) $221 / 2$
(c) 23
(d) $231 / 4$
(e) None of these

S6. Ans.(b)
Sol. Let the number of days taken by A to complete the work be x days.
Therefore, days taken by B to complete the same $=3 x$ days.
So, $3 x-x=60$
$\Rightarrow 2 \mathrm{x}=60$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{x}=30$
And $3 x=3 \times 30=90$
Therefore, $(A+B)$ 's 1 day's work
$=\frac{1}{30}+\frac{1}{90}=\frac{3+1}{90}=\frac{4}{90}=\frac{2}{45}$
Hence, $A$ and $B$ together will do the work in
$\frac{45}{2}=22 \frac{1}{2}$ days.

Q7. A and B working separately can do a piece of work in 9 and 12 days, respectively. If they work for a day alternately with A beginning, the work would be complete in:
(a) $102 / 3$ days
(b) $101 / 2$ days

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(c) $101 / 4$ days
(d) $101 / 3$ days
(e) None of these

## S7. Ans.(c)

Sol. Portion of work done by A and B in first
two days $=\frac{1}{9}+\frac{1}{12}=\frac{4+3}{36}=\frac{7}{36}$
Portion of work done in the first 10 days $=\frac{35}{36}$
Remaining work $=1-\frac{35}{36}=\frac{36-35}{36}=\frac{1}{36}$
Therefore, time taken by
$\mathrm{A}=\frac{1}{36} \times 9=\frac{1}{4}$ day
Hence, total time $=10+\frac{1}{4}$
$=\frac{40+1}{4}=\frac{41}{4}=10 \frac{1}{4}$ days

Q8. A can do a piece of work in 24 days, $B$ in 32 days and $C$ in 64 days. Everyone begin to do it together, but A leaves after 6 days $B$ leaves 6 days before the completion of the work. How many days did the work last?
(a) 15
(b) 20
(c) 18
(d) 30
(e) None of these

## S8. Ans.(b)

Sol. Let, the work be finished in x days.
$\therefore$ work done by A in 6 days + work done by B in $(x-6)$ days + work done by C in x days $=1$
Now, according to the question,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{6}{24}+\frac{(x-6)}{32}+\frac{x}{64}=1 \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{x-6}{32}+\frac{x}{64}=1-\frac{1}{4}=\frac{3}{4} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{2 x-12+x}{64}=\frac{3}{4} \\
& \Rightarrow 3 \mathrm{x}-12=\frac{3}{4} \times 64=48 \\
& \Rightarrow 3 \mathrm{x}=60 \\
& \therefore x=\frac{60}{3}=20 \text { days. }
\end{aligned}
$$

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Q9. $A, B$ and $C$ have to type 506 pages to finish an assignment. A can type a page in 12 minutes, $B$ in 15 minutes and $C$ in 24 minutes. If they divide the task into three parts so that all three of equal amount of time in typing, what is the number of pages that B should type?
(a) 172
(b) 176
(c) 154
(d) 168
(e) 164

S9. Ans.(b)
Sol. All three spend equal amount of time on typing.
Required ratio of all the three
$\mathrm{A}: \mathrm{B}: \mathrm{C}=\frac{1}{12}: \frac{1}{15}: \frac{1}{24}=10: 8: 5$
So, the number of pages typed by $\mathrm{B}=$ $\frac{8 \times 506}{23}=176$

Q10. If $A$ works alone, he would take 4 days more to complete the job than if both $A$ and $B$ worked together. If $B$ worked alone, he would take 16 days more to complete the job than if $A$ and $B$ work together. How many days would they take to complete the work if both of them worked together?
(a) 10 days
(b) 12 days
(c) 6 days
(d) 8 days
(e) None of these

S10. Ans.(d)
Sol. Let A and B together complete the work
in $x$ days.
Then, time taken by $A=(x+4)$ days
And, time taken by $B=(x+16)$ days
Now, according to the question,
$\frac{1}{x+4}+\frac{1}{x+16}=\frac{1}{x}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{x+16+x+4}{(x+4)(x+16)}=\frac{1}{x}$
$\Rightarrow 2 x^{2}+20 x=x^{2}+20 x+64$
$\Rightarrow x^{2}=64 \Rightarrow x=\sqrt{64}=8$ days

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